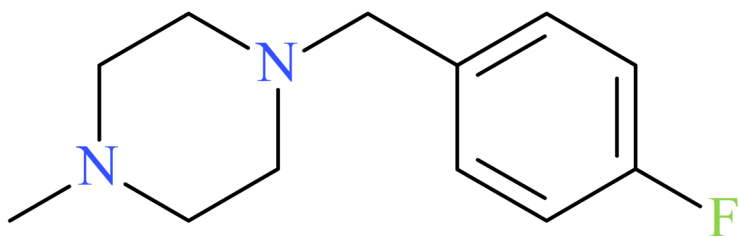




4F-MBZP



NPS SUBCLASS

Stimulant

REPORT DATE

June 18, 2025

SAMPLE RECEIVED

January 10, 2025

SAMPLE TYPE

Drug Material

Preferred Name	4F-MBZP
Synonyms	4-Fluoro-MBZP, 4-Fluoro-Methylbenzylpiperazine
Formal Name	1-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-4-methyl-piperazine
InChI Key	KFMDNJJTGINMCS-UHFFFAOYSA-N
CAS Number	144734-44-1
Chemical Formula	C ₁₂ H ₁₇ FN ₂
Molecular Weight	208.3
Molecular Ion [M ⁺]	208
Exact Mass [M+H] ⁺	209.1449

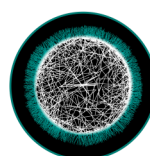
Characterization & Intelligence

The following information was compiled in June 2025 and is subject to change as new research is conducted and as new information becomes available:

Description: 4F-MBZP is a novel stimulant classified as a piperazine and is structurally similar to other derivatives of benzylpiperazine (BZP). Fluorinated MBZP exists in three isomeric forms (2F-, 3F-, and 4F-); however, only 4F-MBZP has been identified to date. 4F-MBZP was first identified from the Australian drug checking service CanTEST in June 2023.¹ 4F-MBZP was identified by our laboratory in January 2025 and confirmed after acquiring standard reference material.

Sample Source: StreetCheck (Massachusetts, Northeast)

Sample Appearance: Green tablet



**STREET CHECK
COMMUNITY
DRUG CHECKING**

Pharmacology: The activity and potency of 4F-MBZP have not been explicitly studied; however, due to structural similarity to other benzylpiperazines, it is assumed that 4F-MBZP stimulates the release and inhibits the reuptake of neurotransmitters to cause dopaminergic and serotonergic effects.^{2,3}

Toxicology: 4F-MBZP has not been detected in toxicology cases to date at the CFSRE.

Drug Materials: 4F-MBZP has been detected in two drug materials to date at the CFSRE.

Demographics / Geographics: Drug materials originated from Massachusetts and Pennsylvania, and 4F-MBZP was found alongside designer benzodiazepines (e.g., bromazolam) and novel stimulants.

Legal Status: 4F-MBZP is not currently scheduled in the United States.

References:

- ▶ Cayman Chemical: [4F-MBZP](#)
- ▶ ¹Algar et al. [Identification of three unexpected new psychoactive substances at an Australian...](#)
- ▶ ²EUDA: [BZP/Piperazines Drug Profile](#)
- ▶ ³Dolan et al. [Impure but not inactive: behavioral pharmacology of dibenzylpiperazine...](#)

About: In collaboration with medical examiner and coroner offices, crime laboratories, clinical partners, and other stakeholders, the Center for Forensic Science Research and Education (CFSRE) is documenting first confirmations of NPS through analysis of drug materials and/or toxicology samples. These reports are generated using comprehensive analytical techniques (e.g., GC-MS, LC-QTOF-MS, NMR) and include available information about the new substances identified at the time of reporting, as well as the analytical data generated during testing. Our new drug monographs are intended to assist with the rapid identification of NPS in forensic casework and related disciplines, and should not be used for confirmatory purposes alone.

Analytical Notes: All identifications were made based on evaluation of analytical data (GC-MS and LC-QTOF-MS) in comparison to analysis of acquired reference material.

Acknowledgements: This report was prepared by Sara E. Walton, Ivy Sabal, Cole Altomare-Jarczyk, Abigail Edelmann, Jamie Davis, Traci Green, Max T. Denn, Alexis D. Quinter, Angel McDowell, Joshua S. DeBord, Barry K. Logan, and Alex J. Krotulski at the Center for Forensic Science Research and Education (CFSRE) at the Fredric Rieders Family Foundation. The authors acknowledge scientists at the CFSRE for their involvements and contributions. For more information, contact npsdiscovery@cfsre.org or visit www.npsdiscovery.org.

Funding: CFSRE's NPS Discovery is supported by the National Institute of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, U.S. Department of Justice (Award Number 15PNIJ-24-GK-00981-COAP, "Novel Psychoactive Substance Discovery, Education, and Reporting Institute"). The opinions, findings, conclusions and/or recommendations expressed in this publication are those of the author(s) and do not necessarily represent the official position or policies of the U.S. Department of Justice.

Suggested Citation: Walton, SE; Sabal, I; Altomare-Jarczyk, C; Edelmann, A; Davis, J; Green, T; Denn, MT; Quinter, AD; McDowell, A; DeBord, JS; Logan, BK; Krotulski, AJ. (2025) 4F-MBZP — NPS Discovery New Drug Monograph, Center for Forensic Science Research and Education, United States.

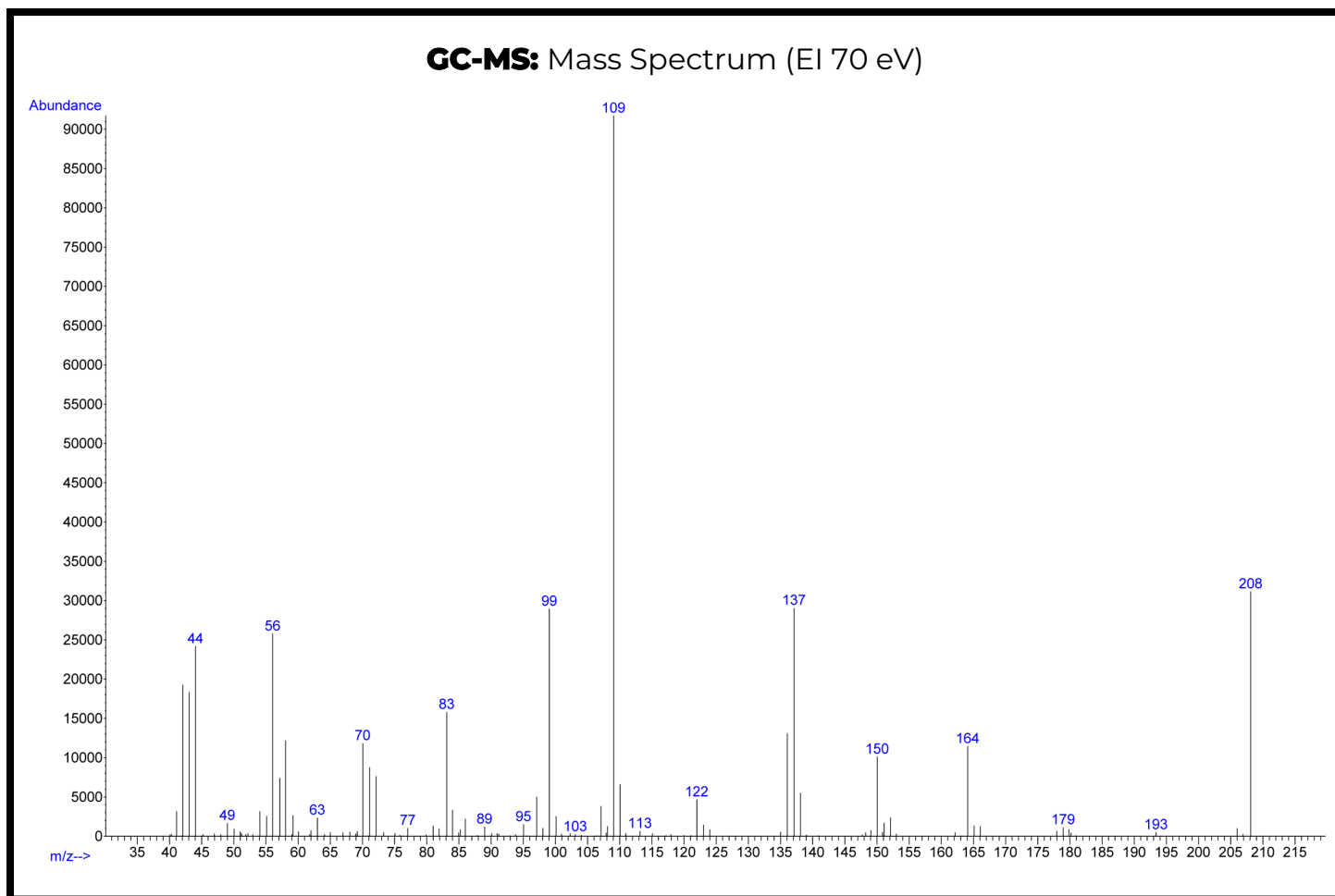
Gas Chromatography Mass Spectrometry (GC-MS)

Laboratory: Center for Forensic Science Research and Education (CFSRE, Horsham PA, USA)

Instrument: Agilent 5975 Series GC/MSD

Methods: [GC-MS Method Details](#) & [Monographs](#)

Sample Preparation: Acid-base extraction



Confirmation Using Drug Standard: Reference material for 4F-MBZP (Batch: 0725995-2) was purchased from Cayman Chemical (Ann Arbor, MI, USA). The analyte was confirmed to be 4F-MBZP based on retention time (sample: 3.76 min vs. standard: 3.78 min) and mass spectral data comparisons.

Liquid Chromatography Quadrupole Time-of-Flight Mass Spectrometry (LC-QTOF-MS)

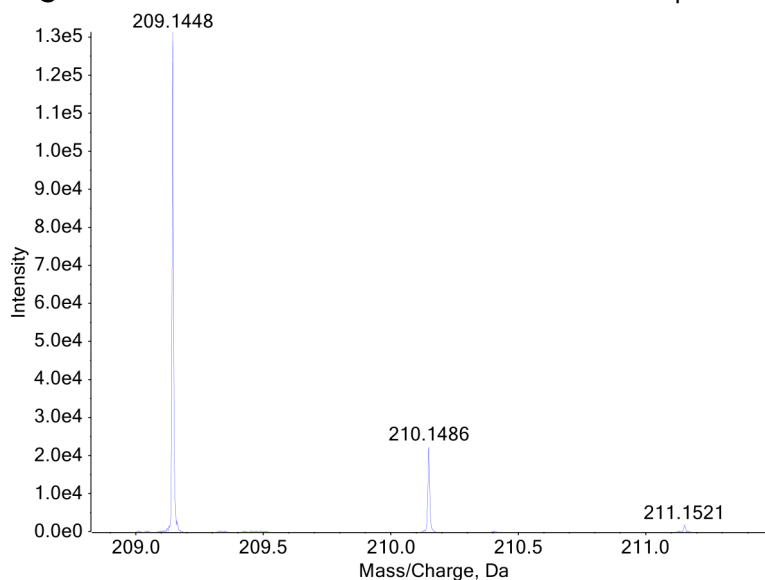
Laboratory: Center for Forensic Science Research and Education (CFSRE, Horsham, PA, USA)

Instrument: Sciex X500R LC-QTOF-MS

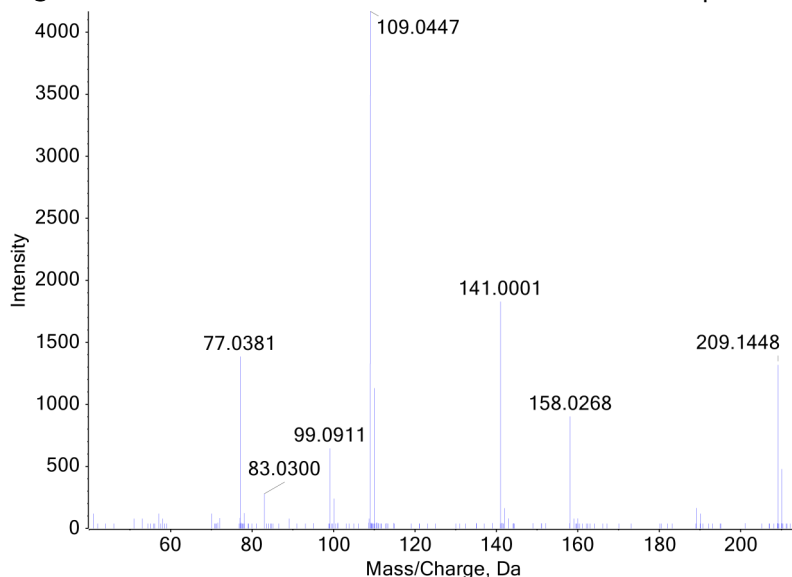
Methods: [LC-QTOF-MS Method Details](#) & [Monographs](#)

Sample Preparation: Dilution in mobile phase

LC-QTOF-MS: TOF-MS Precursor Ion Mass Spectrum



LC-QTOF-MS: TOF-MS/MS Product Ion Mass Spectrum



Confirmation Using Drug Standard: Reference material for 4F-MBZP (Batch: 0725995-2) was purchased from Cayman Chemical (Ann Arbor, MI, USA). The analyte was confirmed to be 4F-MBZP based on retention time (sample: 3.08 min vs. standard: 3.09 min) and mass spectral data comparisons.