



The Naming of Synthetic Cannabinoid Receptor Agonists Explained



Robert Schelkun
Cayman Chemical



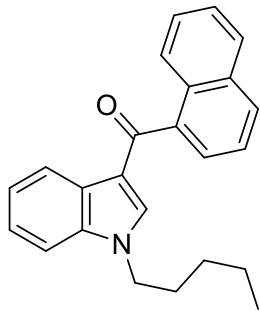
Dr. Alex J. Krotulski
Center for Forensic Science
Research & Education

NPS Discovery Webinar Series
October 12, 2023

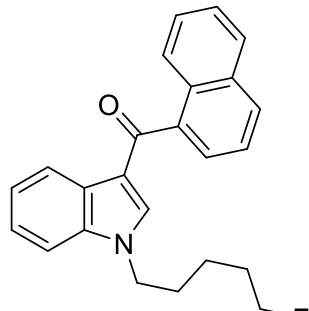
Topics

- Historical naming systems
- Uchiyama Method for naming synthetic cannabinoids
 - Explanation of system
 - Application of system to emerging new structural classes
- Cayman guide for syn cann naming and identification
- Future naming working group

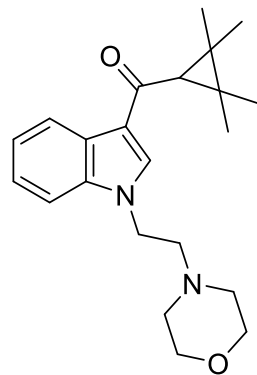
Early synthetic cannabinoid naming



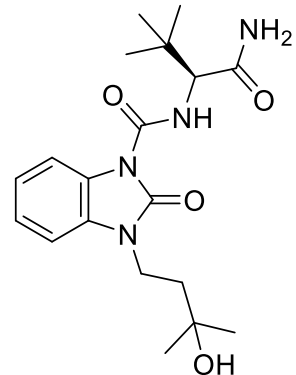
JWH 018*



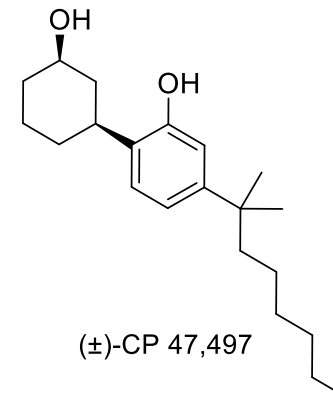
AM-2201*



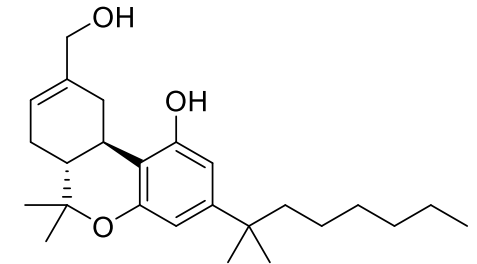
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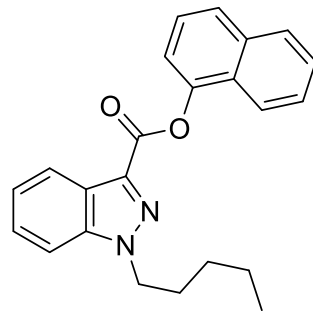
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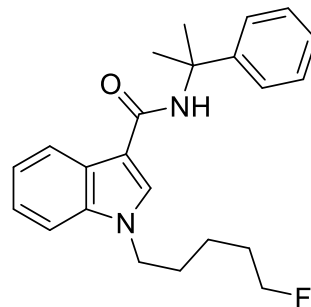
(±)-CP 47,497



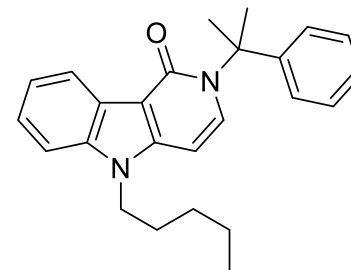
HU-210



SDB-005



SGT-67

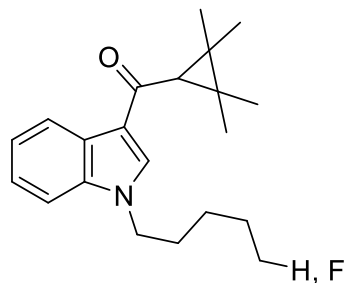


SGT-151

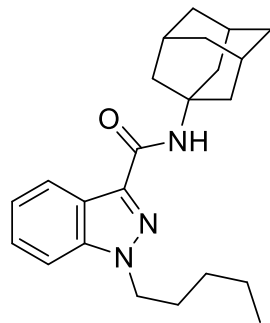
Early cannabinoid researchers

- **A:** Abbott
- **AM:** Alexandros Makriyannis
- **AZ:** AstraZeneca
- **AZD:** AstraZeneca Development
- **Bay:** Bayer AG
- **CE:** Pfizer
- **CP:** Pfizer (CyclohexylPhenols)
- **EA:** Edgewood Arsenal
- **GSK:** GlaxoSmithKline
- **HU:** Hebrew Univ of Jerusalem
- **JHU:** Johns Hopkins University
- **JWH:** John W Huffman
- **KDS:** Kadmus Pharmaceutical Inc.
- **LY:** Eli Lilly
- **RCS:** Research Chemical Suppliers
- **SDB:** Samuel D. Banister
- **SR:** Romano Silvestri
- **UP:** Paolo Urbani
- **X:** Hoffmann-LaRoche

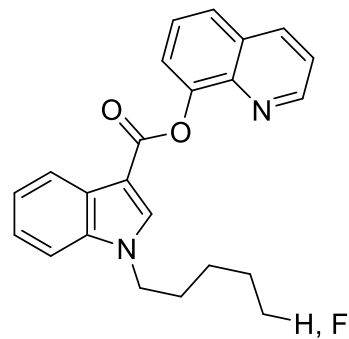
More unusual syn cann naming over time



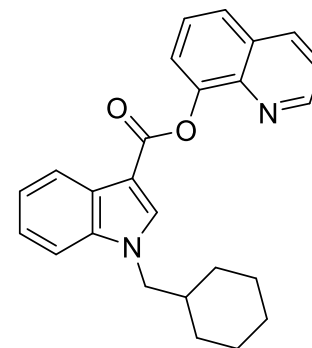
UR-144*
XLR11*



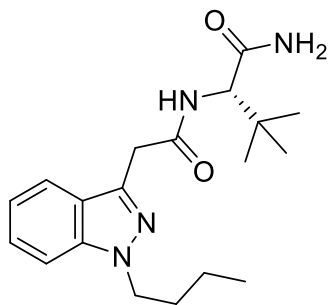
AKB48*



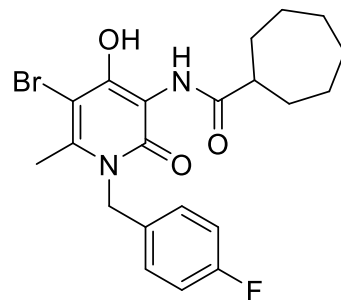
PB-22*
5F-PB-22*



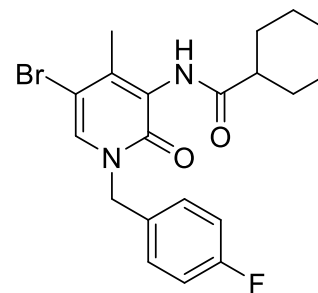
BB-22



7-ADD
ADB-BUTINAATA



5CP



6TP

Origin of semi-systematic syn cann naming system

Forensic Toxicol (2012) 30:114–125

DOI 10.1007/s11419-012-0136-7

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

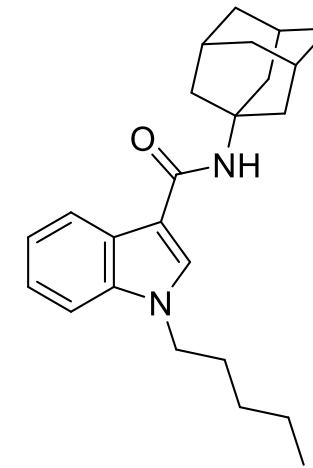
Identification of two new-type synthetic cannabinoids, *N*-(1-adamantyl)-1-pentyl-1*H*-indole-3-carboxamide (APICA) and *N*-(1-adamantyl)-1-pentyl-1*H*-indazole-3-carboxamide (APINACA), and detection of five synthetic cannabinoids, AM-1220, AM-2233, AM-1241, CB-13 (CRA-13), and AM-1248, as designer drugs in illegal products

Nahoko Uchiyama · Maiko Kawamura ·
Ruri Kikura-Hanajiri · Yukihiro Goda

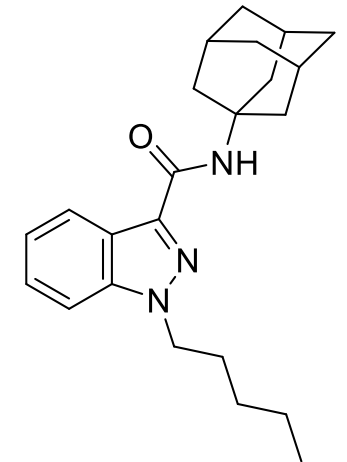
Received: 1 February 2012 / Accepted: 12 March 2012 / Published online: 11 April 2012

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<https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/s11419-012-0136-7>



APICA
2NE1
SDB-001



APINACA
AKB48

Origin of semi-systematic syn cann naming system

Original Article | [Published: 04 November 2012](#)

New cannabimimetic indazole derivatives, *N*-(1-amino-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-pentyl-1*H*-indazole-3-carboxamide (AB-PINACA) and *N*-(1-amino-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(4-fluorobenzyl)-1*H*-indazole-3-carboxamide (AB-FUBINACA) identified as designer drugs in illegal products

[Nahoko Uchiyama](#), [Satoru Matsuda](#), [Daigo Wakana](#), [Ruri Kikura-Hanajiri](#) & [Yukihiro Goda](#) 

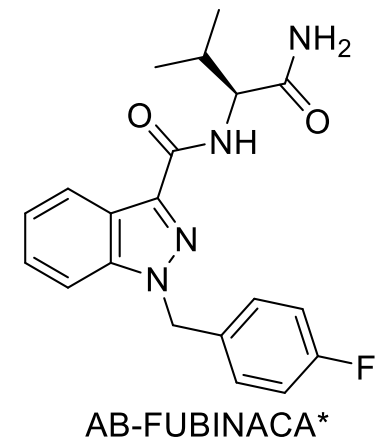
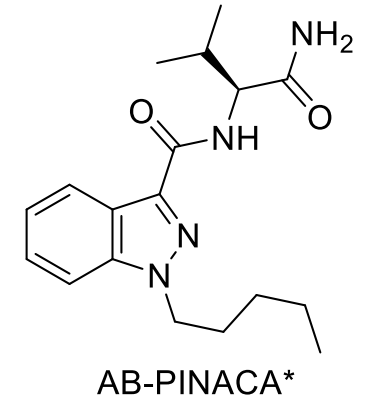
Forensic Toxicology **31**, 93–100 (2013) | [Cite this article](#)

1720 Accesses | **78** Citations | **22** Altmetric | [Metrics](#)

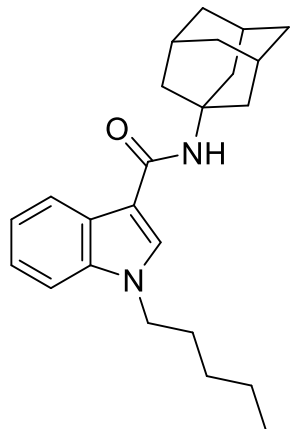
Nahoko Uchiyama

National Institute of Health Sciences, 1-18-1 Kamiyoga, Setagaya-ku, Tokyo, 158-8501,
Japan

<https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/s11419-012-0171-4>

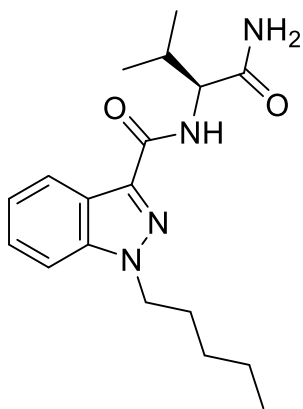
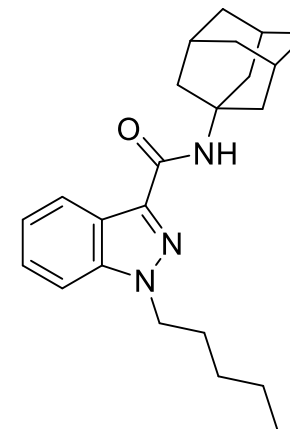


Semi-systematic syn cann naming examples

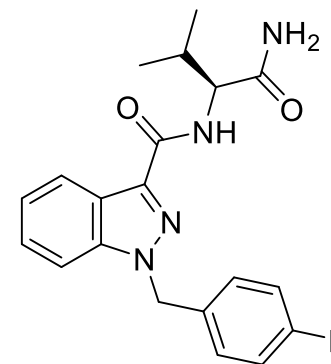


N-(1-**A**damantyl)-1-**P**entyl-1*H*-**I**ndole-3-**C**arbox**A**mid
(**APICA**)

N-(1-**A**damantyl)-1-**P**entyl-1*H*-**I**N**A**zole-3-**C**arbox**A**mid
(**APINACA**)

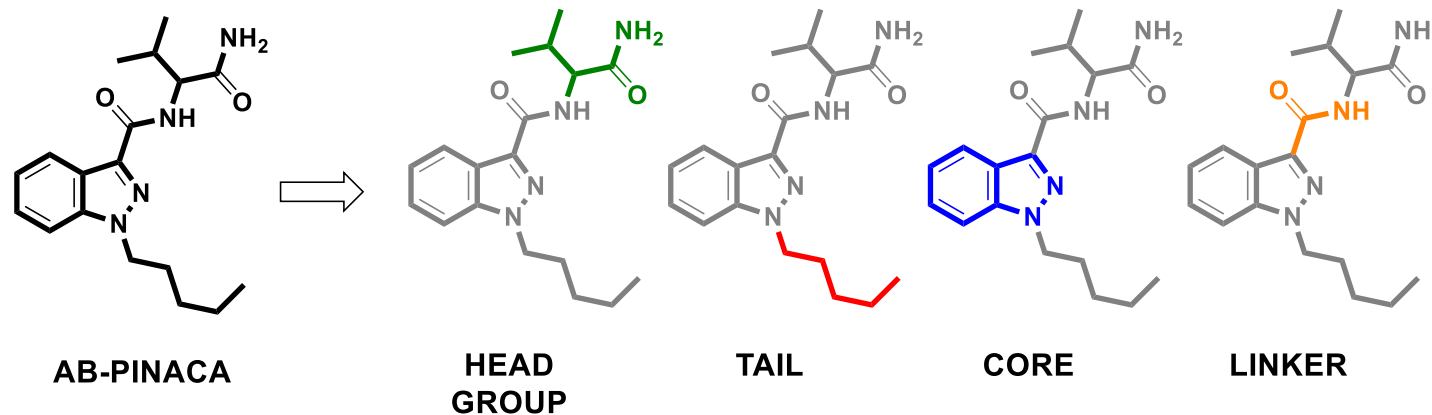


N-(1-**A**mino-3-methyl-1-oxo**B**utan-2-yl)-1-**P**entyl-1*H*-**I**N**A**zole-3-**C**arbox**A**mid
(**AB-PINACA**)

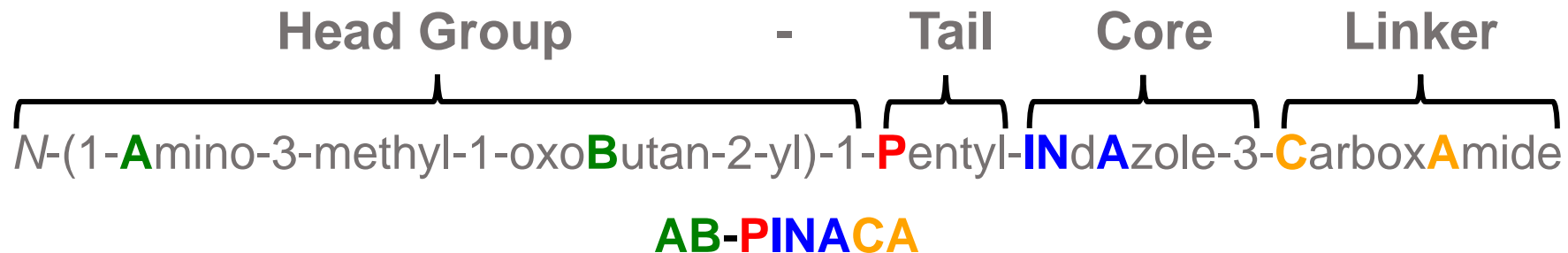


N-(1-**A**mino-3-methyl-1-oxo**B**utan-2-yl)-1-(4-**F**loro**B**enzyl)-1*H*-**I**N**A**zole-3-**C**arbox**A**mid
(**AB-FUBINACA**)

Syn cann naming convention explained



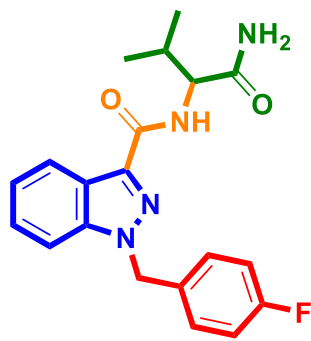
- Molecule divided into four parts
- Use chemical name & each part assigned a letter code
- Letters in code name follows the order:



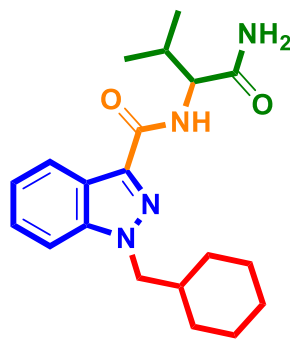
- <http://www.emcdda.europa.eu/topics/pods/synthetic-cannabinoids> for division of molecule into parts

More Uchiyama naming method examples

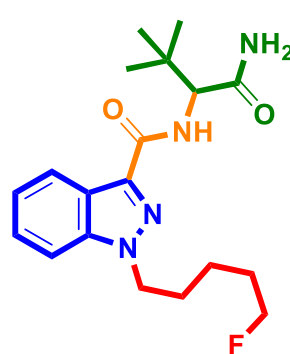
- Using the chemical name: **Head Group** – **Tail Core Linker**



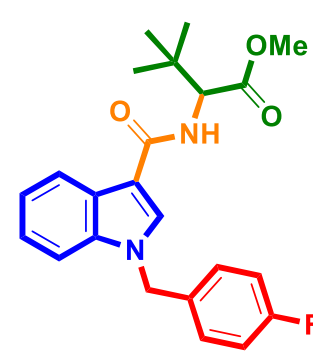
AB-FUBINACA



AB-CHMINACA



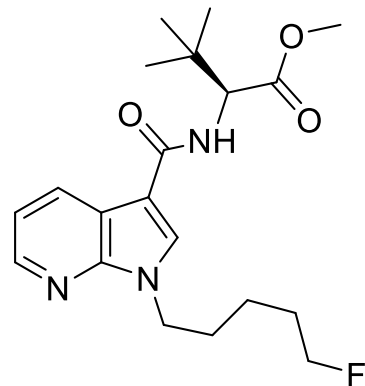
5F-ADB-PINACA



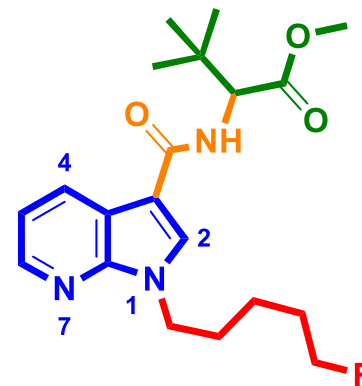
MDMB-FUBICA

- N*-(1-**A**mino-3-methyl-1-oxo**B**utan-2-yl)-1-(4-**F**luoro**B**enzyl)-1H-**I**nd**A**zole-3-**C**arbox**A**mido
AB-FUBINACA
- N*-(1-**A**mino-3-methyl-1-oxo**B**utan-2-yl)-1-(**C**yclo**H**exyl**M**ethyl)-1H-**I**nd**A**zole-3-**C**arbox**A**mido
AB-CHMINACA
- N*-(1-**A**mino-3,3-**D**imethyl-1-oxo**B**utan-2-yl)-1-(**5**-**F**luoro**P**entyl)-1H-**I**nd**A**zole-3-**C**arbox**A**mido
5F-ADB-PINACA
- M**ethyl (S)-2-(1-(4-**F**luoro**B**enzyl)-1H-**I**ndole-3-**C**arbox**A**mido)-3,3-**D**i**M**ethyl**B**utanoate
MDMB-FUBICA

Current scaffolds – substituted indoles



5F-MDMB-P7AICA

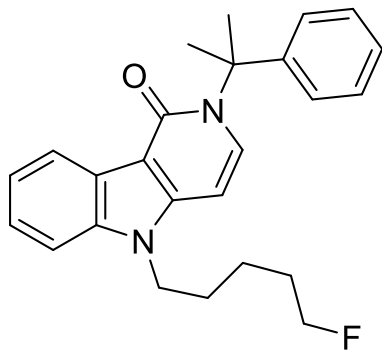


5F-MDMB-P7AICA

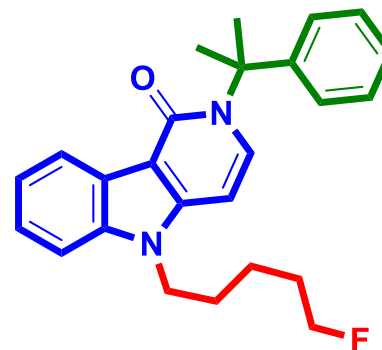
- Azaindole used instead of chemical name due to simplicity: “7-**Aza**Indole” vs. “1H-pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridine”
- Number is used to indicate position of aza-nitrogen in the indole ring system: **7Aza**Indole

Head-TailCoreLinker

The PeGACLONES



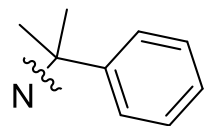
5F-CUMYL-PeGACLONE



5F-CUMYL-PeGACLONE

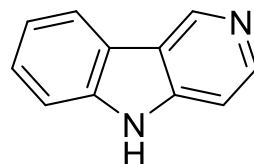
- Use common name for core instead of IUPAC as with azaindoles
- Based on gamma-carbolines

CUMYL =

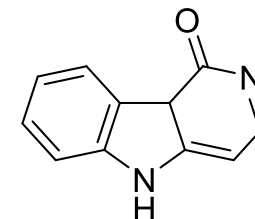
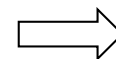


VS

(2-phenylpropan-2-yl)



gamma-carboline



GAmma-**C**arbo**L**in-1-**ONE**

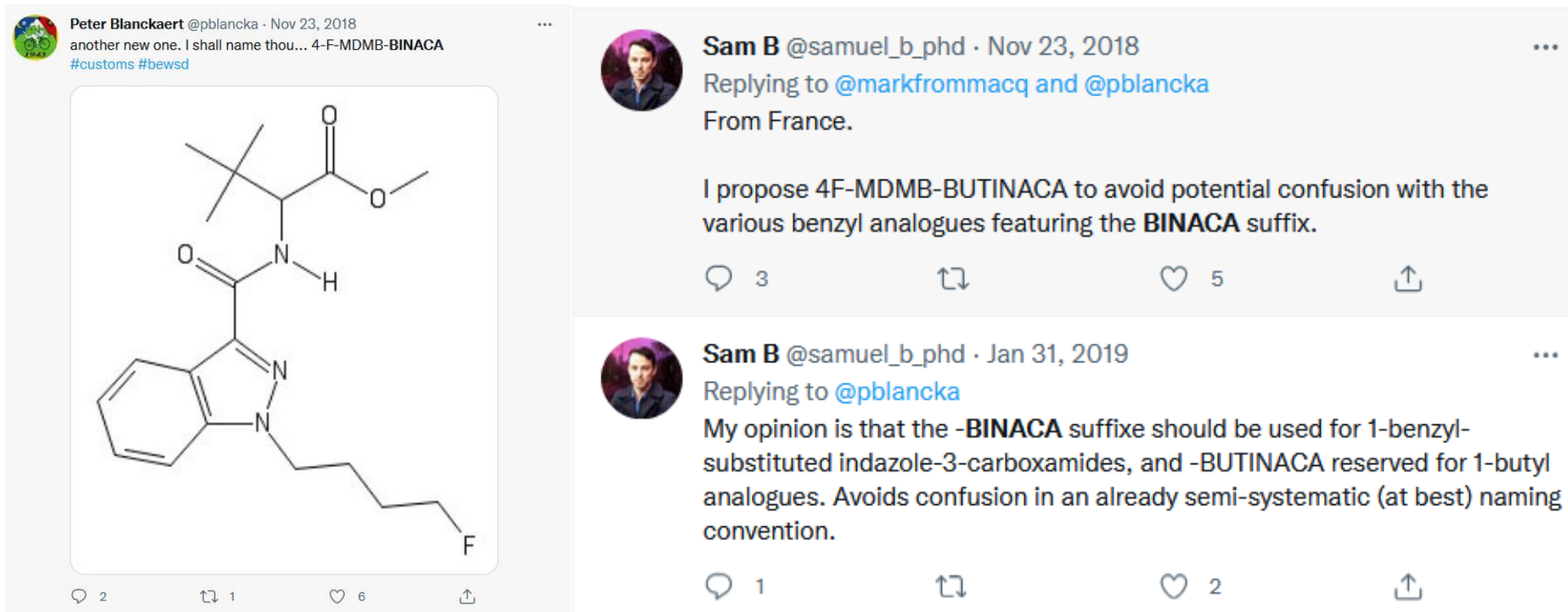
VS:

Head-TailCoreLinker

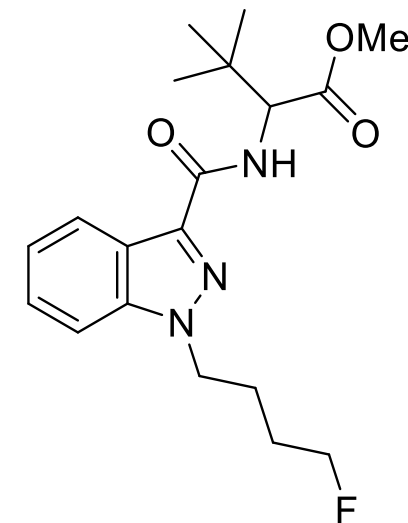
5,9b-dihydro-1H-pyrido[4,3-b]indol-1-one

The use of “BINACA”

- “BINACA” and “BUTINACA” are often used interchangeably when referring to this molecule



The screenshot shows a Twitter thread. The first tweet is from Peter Blanckaert (@pblancka) on Nov 23, 2018, with the text: "another new one. I shall name thou... 4-F-MDMB-BINACA #customs #bewsd". It includes a chemical structure of 4F-MDMB-BINACA. The second tweet is a reply from Sam B (@samuel_b_phd) on Nov 23, 2018, stating: "I propose 4F-MDMB-BUTINACA to avoid potential confusion with the various benzyl analogues featuring the BINACA suffix." The third tweet is another reply from Sam B (@samuel_b_phd) on Jan 31, 2019, stating: "My opinion is that the -BINACA suffix should be used for 1-benzyl-substituted indazole-3-carboxamides, and -BUTINACA reserved for 1-butyl analogues. Avoids confusion in an already semi-systematic (at best) naming convention."



4F-MDMB-BUTINACA
4F-MDMB-BINACA
(#26645)

- Cayman suggests using BUTINACA when referencing indazoles with butyl tails

BINACA and BUTINACA are not synonymous

Forensic Toxicol (2016) 34:133–143
DOI 10.1007/s11419-015-0297-2

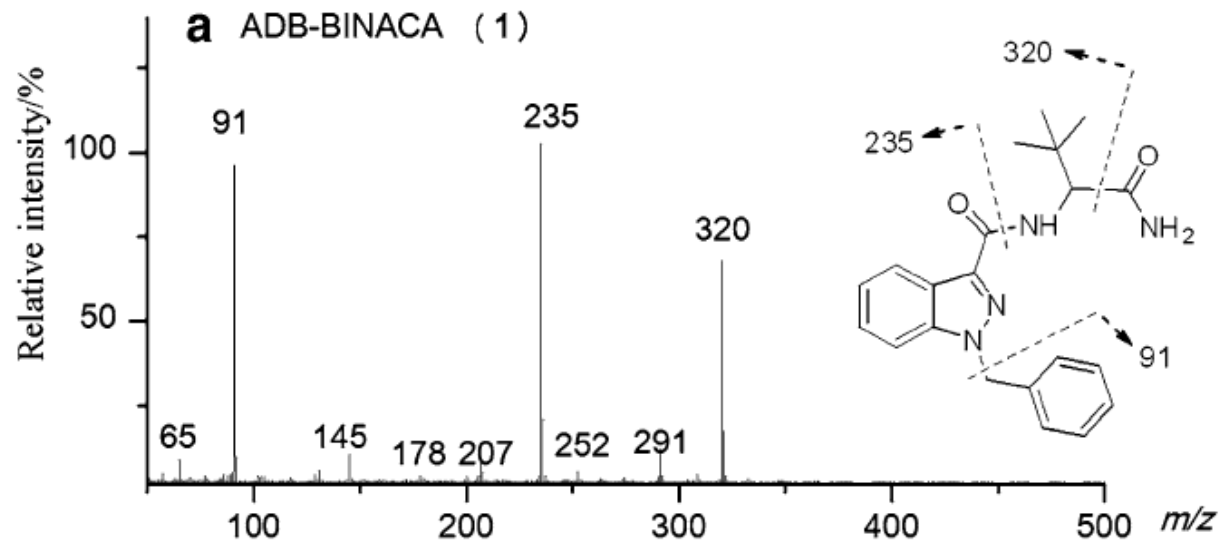


CrossMark

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

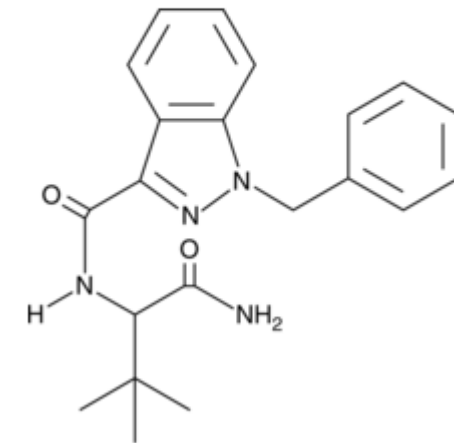
Four types of cannabimimetic indazole and indole derivatives, ADB-BINACA, AB-FUBICA, ADB-FUBICA, and AB-BICA, identified as new psychoactive substances

Zhenhua Qian¹ · Zhendong Hua¹ · Cuimei Liu¹ · Wei Jia¹



ADB-BINACA

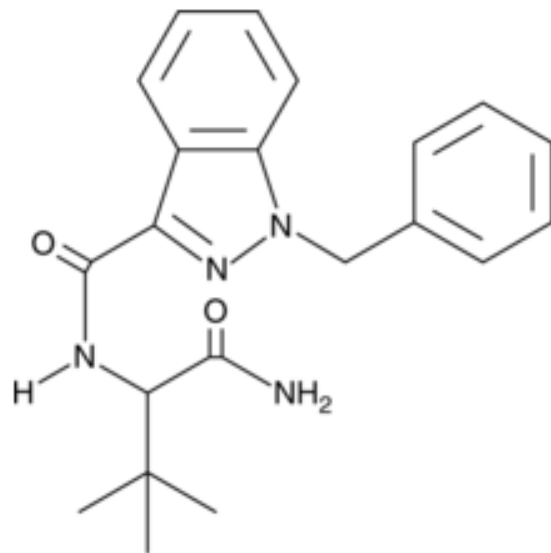
Item No. 18757



BINACA, BUTINACA, & BENZINACA

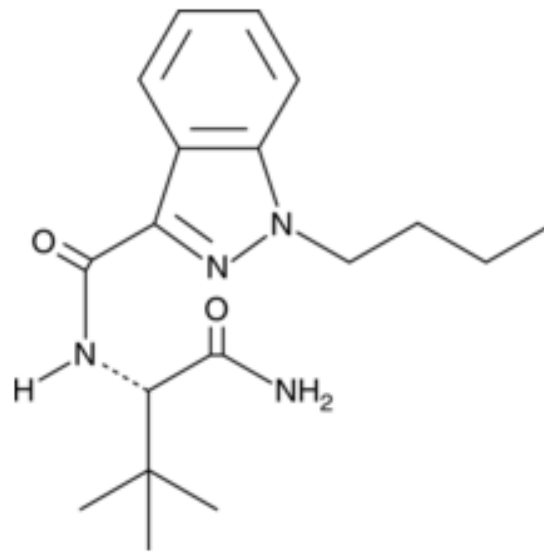
ADB-BINACA

Item No. 18757



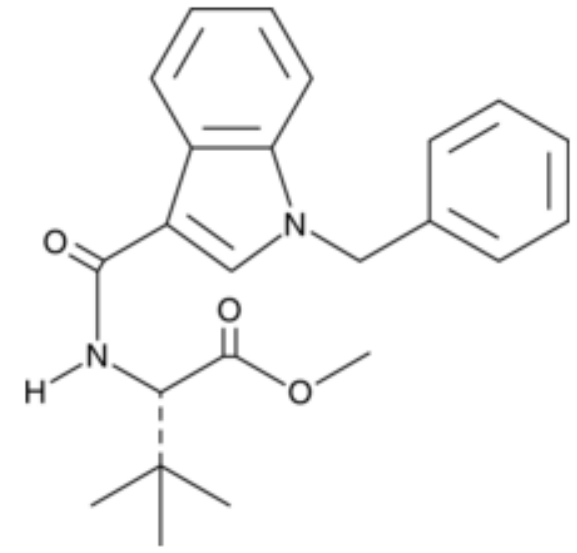
ADB-BUTINACA

Item No. 29350



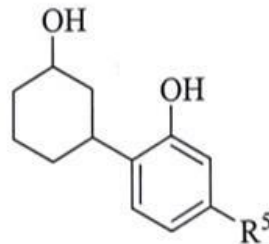
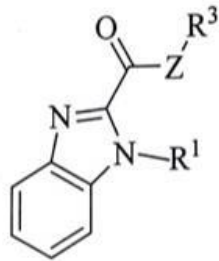
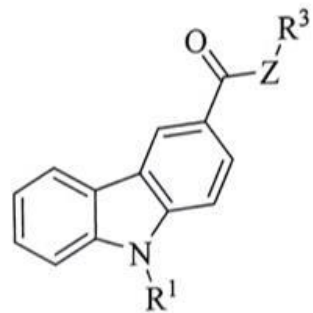
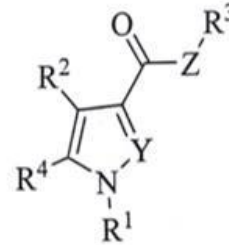
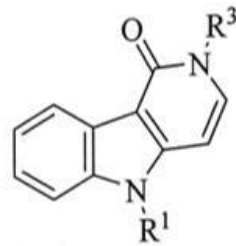
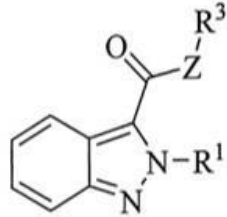
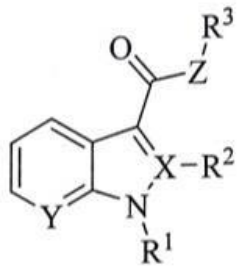
MDMB-BENZICA

Item No. 35135



- Cayman now uses “BENZ” to refer to benzyl tails to avoid any confusion

Synthetic Cannabinoids: China generic class-ban 2021



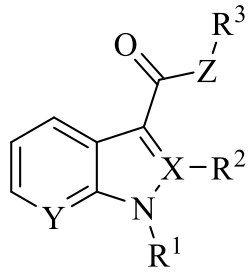
- **X** represents N or C.
- **Y** represents N or CH.
- **Z** represents O or NH or no atom.

PLACE HOLDER FOR ALEX?

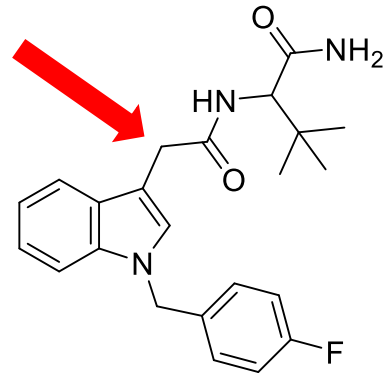
- **R1** represents substituted or unsubstituted C3-C8 hydroxy group; substituted or unsubstituted heterocyclic group containing 1-3 heteroatoms; substituted or unsubstituted methyl or ethyl group substituted by heterocyclic group containing 1-3 heteroatoms.
- **R2** represents hydrogen or methyl or no atom.
- **R3** represents substituted or unsubstituted C6-C10 aryl group; substituted or unsubstituted C3-C10 hydroxy group; substituted or unsubstituted heterocyclic group containing 1-3 heteroatoms; substituted or unsubstituted methyl or ethyl group substituted by heterocyclic group containing 1-3 heteroatoms.
- **R4** represents hydrogen; substituted or unsubstituted phenyl group; substituted or unsubstituted benzyl group.
- **R5** represents substituted or unsubstituted C3-C10 hydroxy group.

<https://www.unodc.org/LSS/Announcement/Details/ff032a29-2e14-4dab-b7d8-ab86d355c809>

Applying naming system to the newest structures

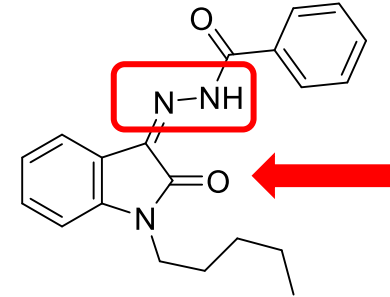


China Generic
class-ban



FUB-ACADB

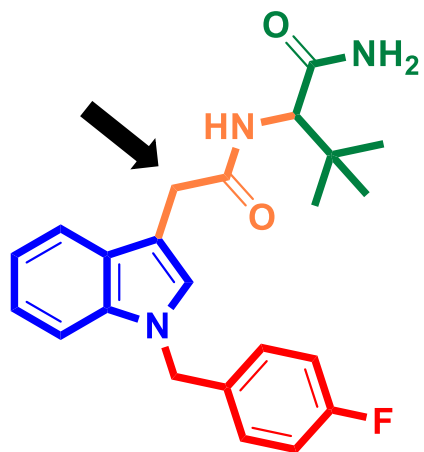
ADB-FUBIATA
“IATAs”



pentyl MDA-19

BZO-POXIZID
“OXIZIDs”

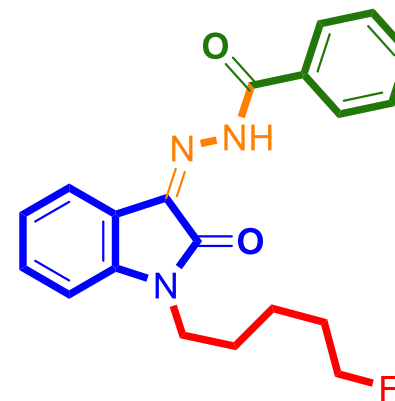
Applying naming system to new structures



2-(2-(1-(4-**F**Uoro**B**enzyl)-1H-Indol-3-yl)Ace**T**Amido)-3,3-dimethylbutanamide

ADB-FUBIATA

[The letters **ADB** come from an alternate name of the head group: 1-**A**mino-3,3-**D**imethyl-1-oxo**B**utan-2-yl]



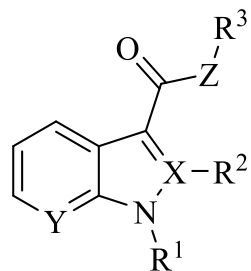
N'-(1-(**5-F**luoro**P**entyl)-2-**O**XoIndolin-3-ylidene)**B**en**Z**Ohydra**Z**IDe

5F-BZO-POXIZID

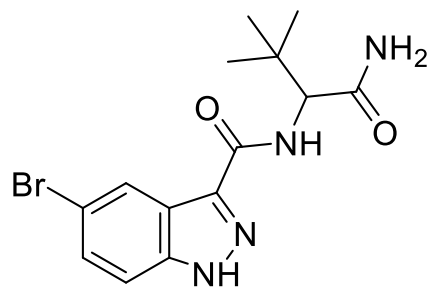
} CORE/LINKER combo:
common scaffold = "OXIZID"

Head-TailCoreLinker

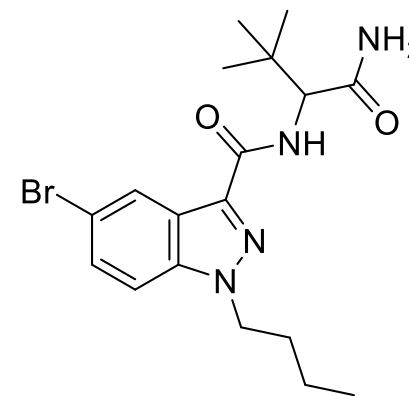
Applying naming system to new structures



China Generic
class-ban



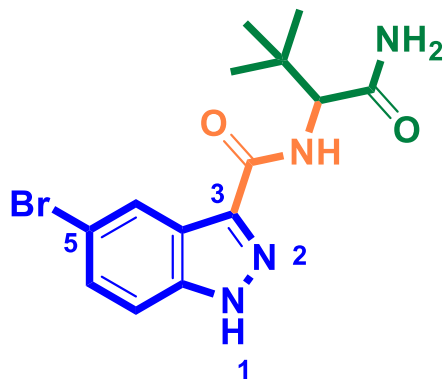
ADB-5Br-INACA



5Br-MMBA(N)-073

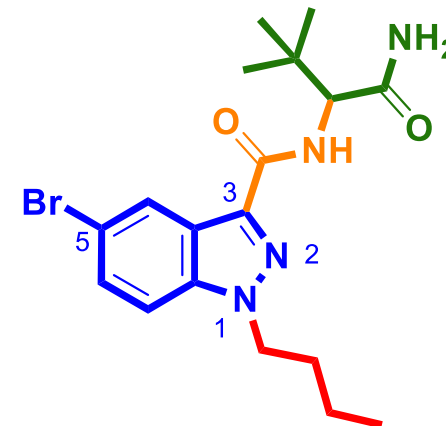
ADB-5'Br-BUTINACA

Applying naming system to new structures



N-(1-**A**mino-3,3-**D**imethyl-1-oxo**B**utan-2-yl)-**5-Br**omo-1**H**-**IN**d**A**zole-3-**C**arbox**A**mide

"**ADB-5Br-INACA**"

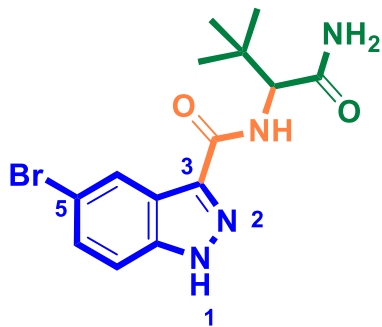


N-(1-**A**mino-3,3-**D**imethyl-1-oxo**B**utan-2-yl)-**5-Br**omo-1-**BUT**yl-1**H**-**IN**d**A**zole-3-**C**arbox**A**mide

ADB-5'Br-BUTINACA

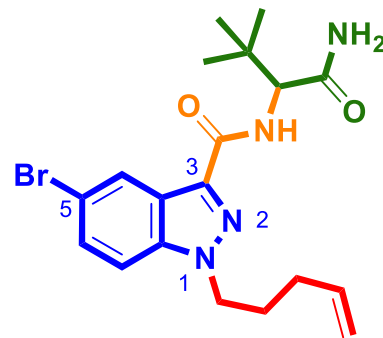
Head-TailCoreLinker

Applying naming system to new structures



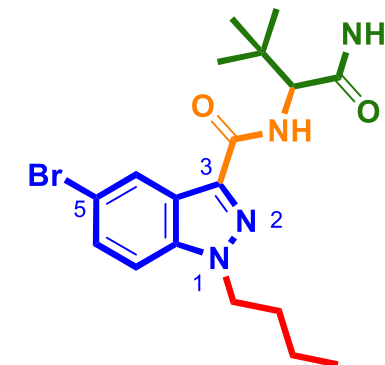
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"**ADB-5Br-INACA**"



N-(1-**A**mino-3,3-**D**imethyl-1-oxo**B**utan-2-yl)-**5**-**Br**o-1-(**P**ent-**4**-**e**n-1-yl)-1**H**-**I****N****D**azole-3-**C**arbox**A**mid**e**

ADB-5Br-4en-PINACA
ADB-4en-P-5Br-INACA

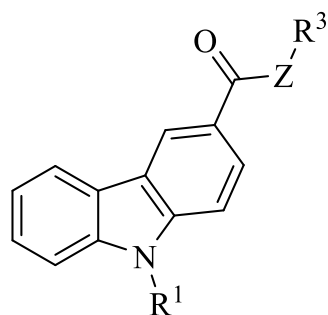
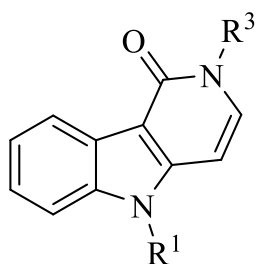
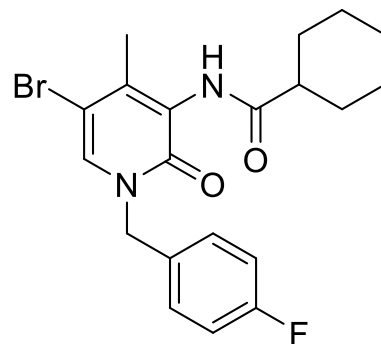
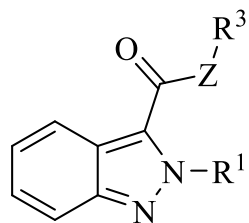
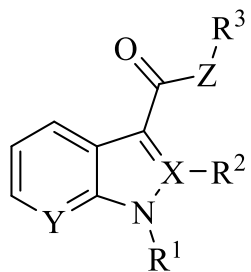


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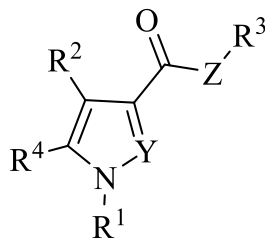
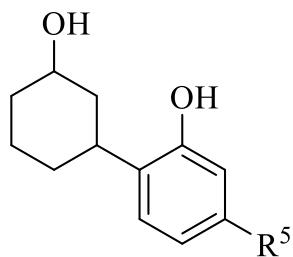
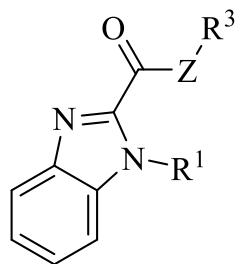
ADB-5'Br-BUTINACA

Head-TailCoreLinker

Applying naming system to new structures

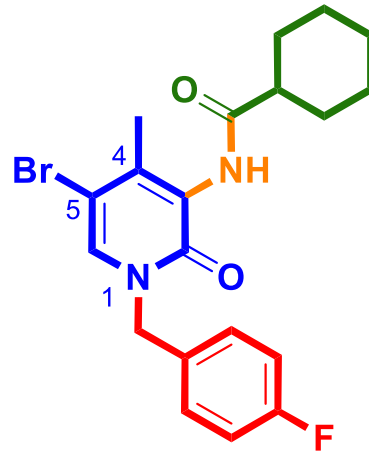


6TP CH-FUBBMPDORA



- <https://aipsin.com/newsubstance/999/>
- https://www.policija.si/apps/nfl_response_web/0_Analytical_Reports_final/CH-FUBBMPDORA-ID-3189-22_report.pdf (March 2023)
- European Journal of Medicinal Chemistry 211 (2021) 113116
- NOT covered by China ban

Applying the naming system to more new scaffolds



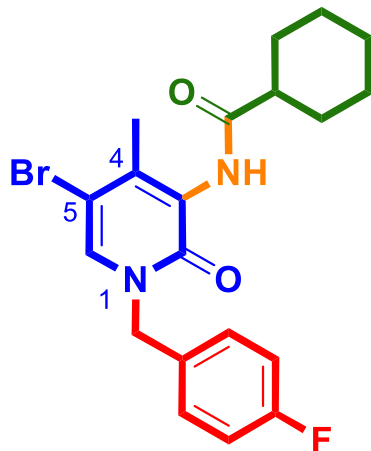
N-(5-Br-1-(4-FUoroB)enzyl)-4-Methyl-2-Oxo-1,2-dihydroPYRidin-3-yl)CycloHexanecarbOxAmide

CHO-4'Me-5'Br-FUBOXPYRA

2-oxo-pyridines- "OXPYRAs"

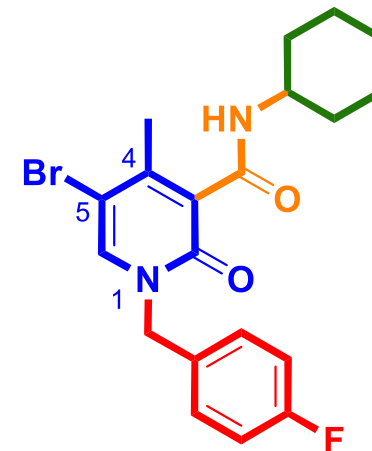
Head-TailCoreLinker

Applying the naming system to more new scaffolds



N-(5-Br-1-(4-FUoroBenzyl)-4-Methyl-2-OXo-1,2-dihydroPYRidin-3-yl)CycloHexanecarbOxAamide

CHO-4'Me-5'Br-FUBOXPYRA



5-Br-*N*-CycloHexyl-1-(4-FUoroBenzyl)-4-Methyl-2-OXo-1,2-dihydroPYRidine-3-CarboxAamide

CH-4'Me-5'Br-FUBOXPYRCA

Head-TailCoreLinker

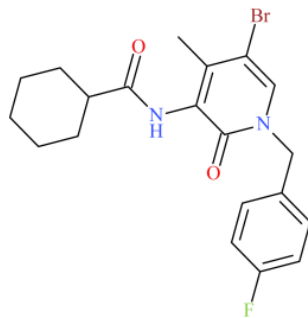
CHO-4'Me-5'Br-FUBOXPYRA

NPS Discovery — New Drug Monograph

2023



CHO-4'Me-5'Br-FUBOXPYRA



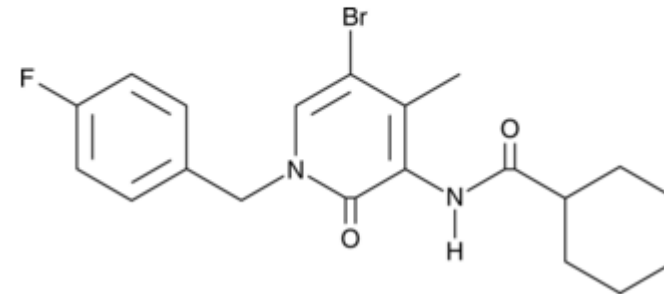
| |
|------------------------|
| NPS SUBCLASS |
| Synthetic Cannabinoid |
| REPORT DATE |
| June 28, 2023 |
| SAMPLE RECEIVED |
| March 10, 2023 |
| SAMPLE TYPE |
| Drug Material |

| | |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| Preferred Name | CHO-4'Me-5'Br-FUBOXPYRA |
| Synonyms | CH-FUBBMPDORA, 6TP |
| Formal Name | N-[5-bromo-1-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-4-methyl-2-oxo-3-pyridyl]cyclohexanecarboxamide |
| InChi Key | CKYYASUICQFJPH-UHFFFAOYSA-N |
| CAS Number | Not Available |
| Chemical Formula | C ₂₀ H ₂₂ BrFN ₂ O ₂ |
| Molecular Weight | 421.30 |
| Molecular Ion [M⁺] | 420 |
| Exact Mass [M+H]⁺ | 421.0921 |

Page 1 of 7

CHO-4'Me-5'Br-FUBOXPYRA

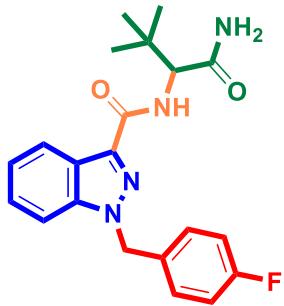
Item No. 37468



<https://www.cfsre.org/nps-discovery/monographs/cho-4me-5br-fuboxpyra>

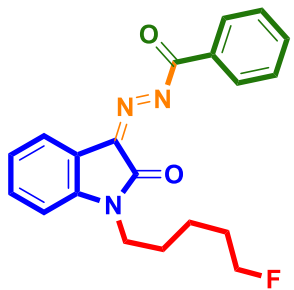
Synthetic cannabinoid naming codes

Head Groups:



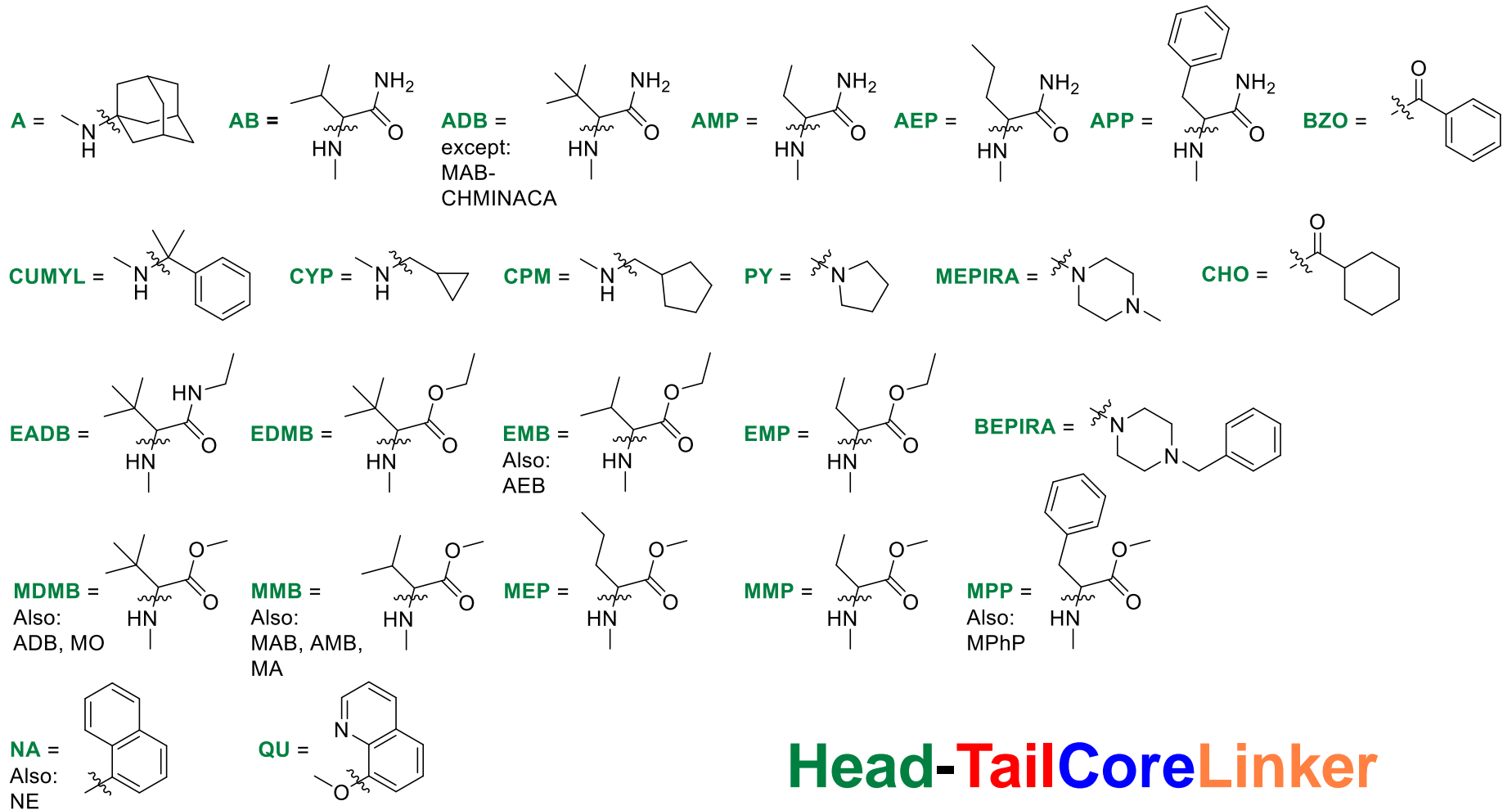
ADB-FUBINACA

N-(1-**A**mino-3,3-**D**imethyl-1-oxo**B**utan-2-yl)-1-(4-**F**luoro**B**enzyl)-1**H**-**I**nd**A**zole-3-**C**arbox**A**mide



5F-BZO-POXIZID

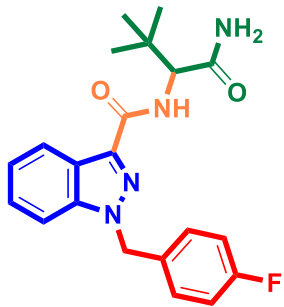
N'-(1-(**5**-**F**luoro**P**entyl)-2-**O**XoIndolin-3-ylidene)**B**en**Z**Ohydra**Z**Id**E**



Head-TailCoreLinker

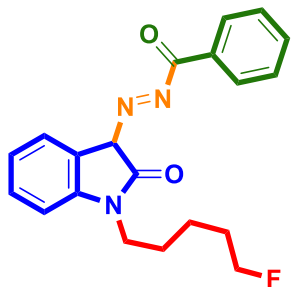
Synthetic cannabinoid naming codes

CoreLinkers:



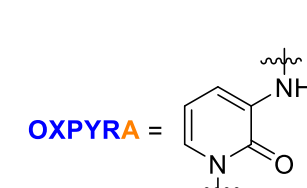
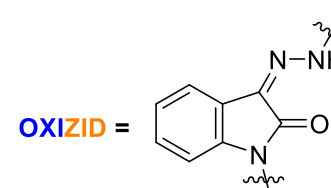
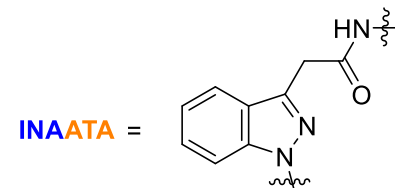
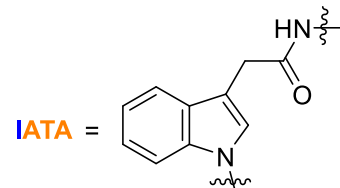
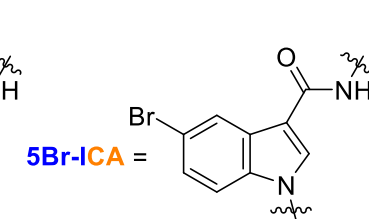
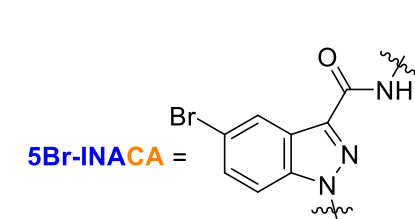
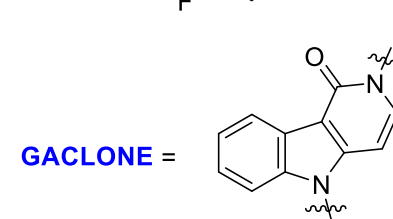
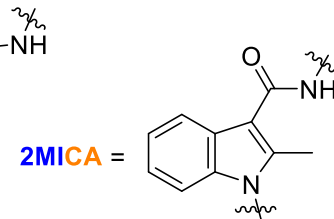
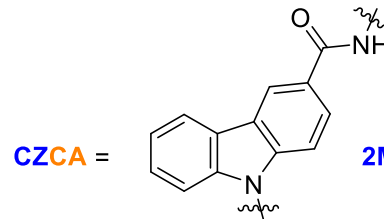
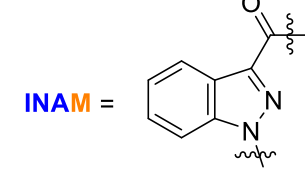
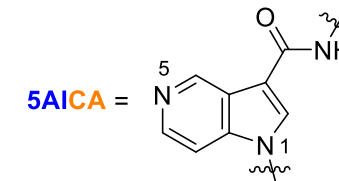
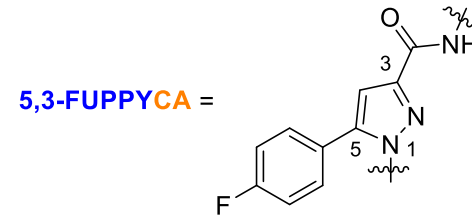
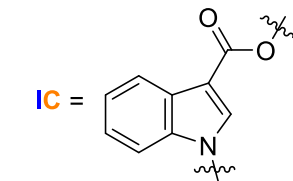
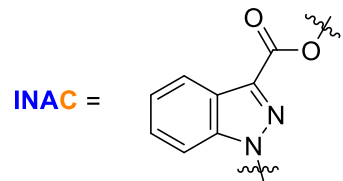
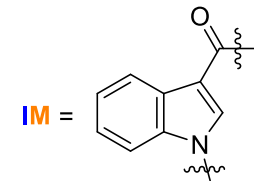
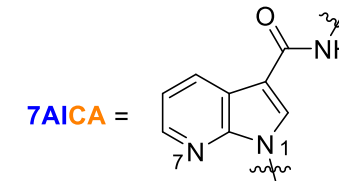
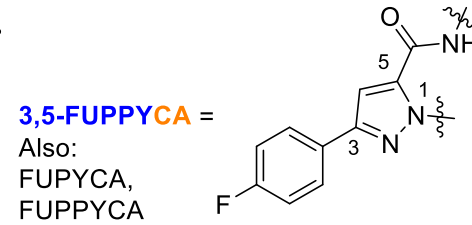
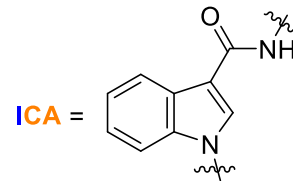
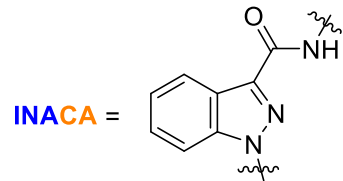
ADB-FUBINACA

N-(1-**A**mino-3,3-**D**imethyl-1-oxo**B**utan-2-yl)-1-(4-**F**luoro**B**enzyl)-1**H**-**I**nd**A**zole-3-**C**arbox**A**mide



5F-BZO-POXIZID

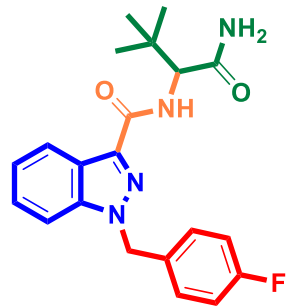
N'-(1-(**5**-**F**luoro**P**entyl)-2-**O**XoIndolin-3-ylidene)**B**en**Z**Ohydra**Z**ide



Head-TailCoreLinker

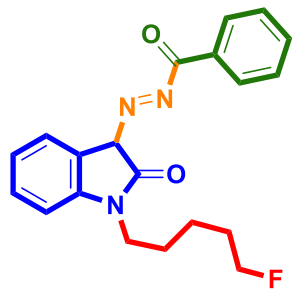
Synthetic cannabinoid naming codes

Tail Groups:



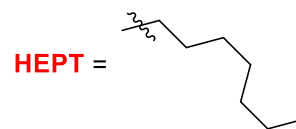
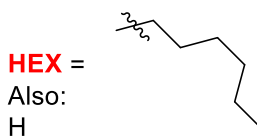
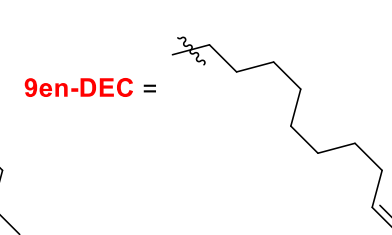
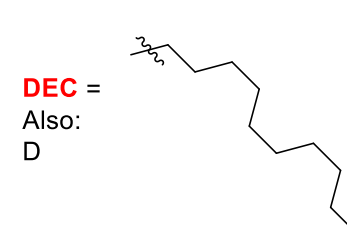
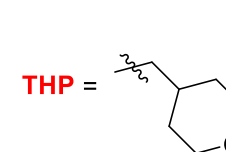
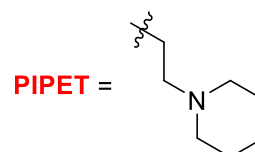
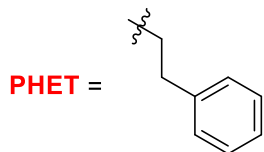
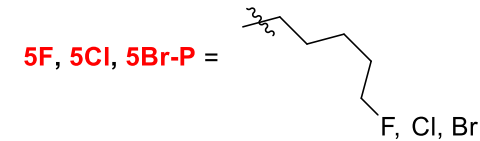
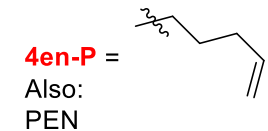
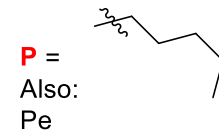
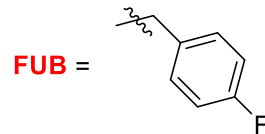
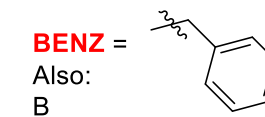
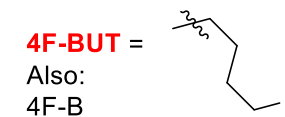
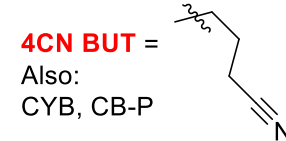
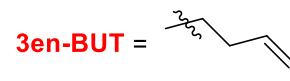
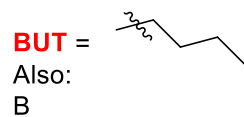
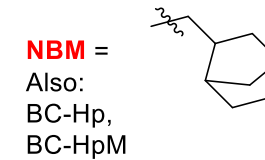
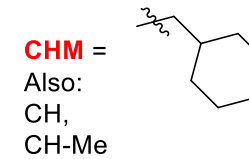
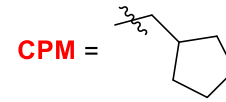
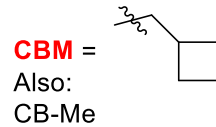
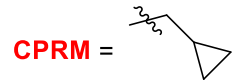
ADB-FUBINACA

N-(1-Amino-3,3-Dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(4-Fluorobenzyl)-1H-Indazole-3-Carboxamide



5F-BZO-POXIZID

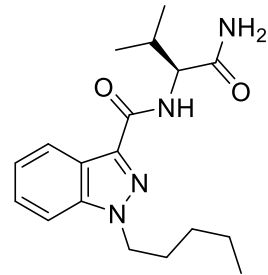
N'-(1-(5-Fluoropentyl)-2-Oxoindolin-3-ylidene)Benzohydrazide



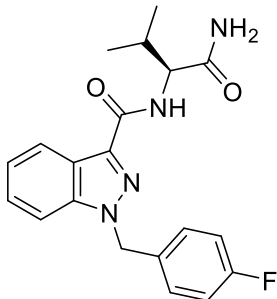
Head-TailCoreLinker

The big question:

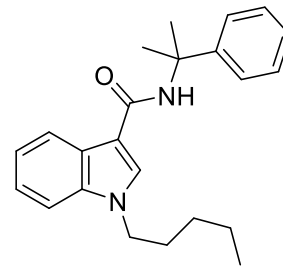
How do I possibly keep track of all the letter codes for the Head, Tail, Core and Linker groups for all these syn cannas?



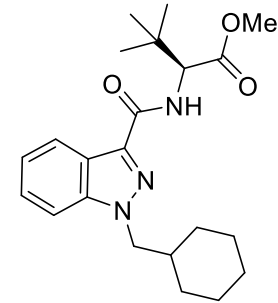
AB-PINACA



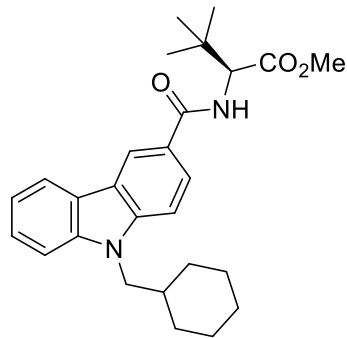
AB-FUBINACA



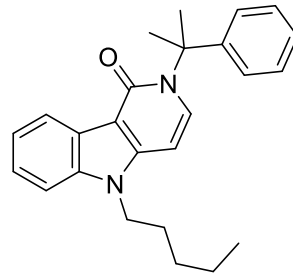
CUMYL-PICA



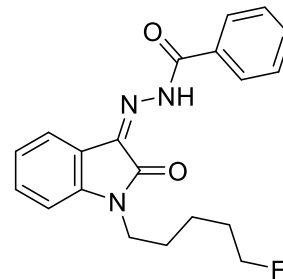
MDMB-CHMINACA



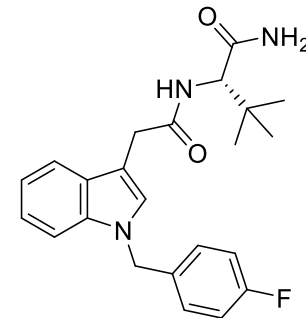
MDMB-CHMCZCA



CUMYL-PEGACLONE



5F-BZO-POXIZID



ADB-FUBIATA



Recent EMCDDA publication on naming guidelines

DRUG TESTING AND ANALYSIS

PERSPECTIVE

EMCDDA framework and practical guidance for naming synthetic cannabinoids

Benedikt Pulver, Svenja Fischmann✉, Ana Gallegos, Rachel Christie

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- Provides a theoretical framework and a practical hands-on guideline for consistent naming of SCs
- Builds on the established letter code system for molecular building blocks (core, linker, linked group, and tail)
- The scope of the issue of attributing semi-systematic code names is illustrated and earlier approaches used for naming SCs are discussed
- There is some overlap with our approach, but not always

Naming agreements and reaching a consensus

- Consideration for naming conventions:
 - Primary goal – create less confusion
 - Consider historical perspectives
 - Communication – both verbal and written
 - Forecasting the future
- Examples of Cayman/CFSRE naming vs. EMCDDA:
 - BZO-4en-POXIZID vs. BZO-4en-POXIZID
 - ADB-FUBIATA vs. ADMB-FUBIATA
 - 5F-MDMB-PICA vs. MDMB-5F-PICA
 - JWH-210 vs. 4Et-NA-PIMO

Future Directions

- CFSRE and Cayman Chemical received funding by the National Institute of Justice (NIJ) to continue work on naming conventions:
- In the works:
 - Synthetic cannabinoid
 - Fentanyl analogue
 - Nitazene analogue
- Other opportunities:
 - Cathinones
 - Hallucinogens



Thank You!

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